

Global COVID-19 Therapeutics Development

Weekly update

WORKING DRAFT, JULY 16, 2020

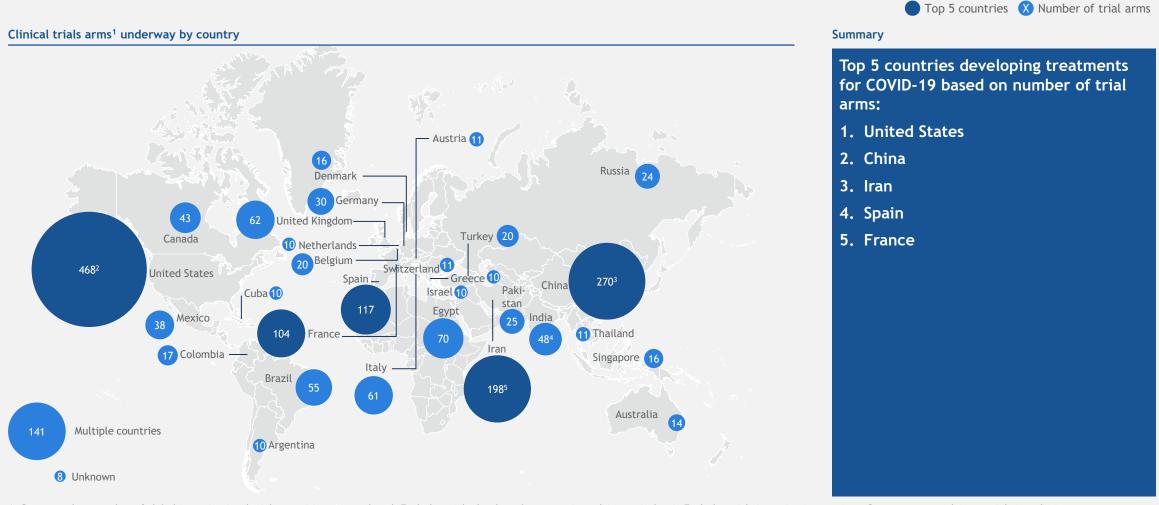
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Global COVID-19 clinical trial arms¹ by country

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. The therapies below are in development and are being tested in clinical trials.



¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Excludes trials investigating vaccines. Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts.

Countries with trial arms less than 10 are not shown. May not be fully comprehensive. 2 Includes 50 trial arms for which primary location is not US but has at least 1 trial site in the US. These trial arms are also included in the multiple countries trial arms count. 3 Excludes 149 trial arms testing Traditional Chinese Medicine. 4 Excludes 83 trial arms testing Traditional Chinese Medicine. 2

Number of clinical trial arms¹ by treatment approach

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. The therapies below are in development and are being tested in clinical trials.

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Additional details in appendix

		Number of global trial	arms ¹		
Type of approach ²	Type of medical product	Randomized, adequately powered ³	All other	Summary	
Antivirals	Direct-acting antivirals, e.g., Remdesivir	27	179	~6% of global trial arms are	
Alitivilais	Targets intracellular environment, e.g., Hydroxychloroquine	25	228	'randomized, adequately	
	IL-6 inhibitors	4	81	powered', i.e., are part of randomized controlled trials in	
Immunomodulators	Other immunomodulators, e.g., Corticosteroids, TNF-inhibitors, etc.	15	475	Phase 2 or beyond with sufficient expected enrollment per arm to	
	Convalescent plasma	4	151	be powered to show efficacy	
Antibody therapy	Hyperimmune globulin ⁴	0	6	Direct acting antivirals have the	
	Neutralizing antibodies	0	12	highest proportion (~13%) of 'randomized, adequately	
Other ⁵	All other therapeutics being tested	23	462	powered' trials	
Combination regimen	E.g., Hydroxychloroquine + Lopinavir/Ritonavir + Tocilizumab	19	310	There are 6 additional neutralizing antibody arms being tested as a combination therapy	
Multiple options	Multiple options	3	11	~50 pre-clinical neutralizing antibody development efforts are	
Total		120	1915	underway ⁶	

¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. May not be fully comprehensive. Excludes Traditional Chinese Medicine and vaccine trials. 2 Counts represented under each approach are trial arms that involve single agents relevant to the approach. Trial arms testing interventions as part of a regimen are included under "Combination regimen". Trial arms testing interventions through multiple options (i.e., HCQ or CQ) are included under "Multiple options". 3 Randomized, adequately powered is defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PEP). 4 Includes non-human polyclonal antibodies. 5 Included are (not exhaustive) ACE inhibitors, ARBs, NSAIDs, other anti-hypertensives, oncolytics, and supplements. 6 Additional details in the neutralizing antibody specific pages.

Breakdown of clinical trial arms¹ by potential readout dates

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. Therapies below are in development and are being tested in clinical trials.



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Target patient cohorts of randomized, adequately powered clinical trial arms Mild Mospitalized LRI Mild Asymptomatic PEP PrEP Other

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. The therapies below are in development and are being tested in clinical trials.

Type of appro	pach ³	May-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	2021 and beyond ⁴	Summary
Antivirale	Direct-acting antivirals, e.g., Remdesivir	1 4 5	2	ļ	8 11 19	Overall, most randomized, adequately powered trials are
Antivirals	Targets intracellular environment, e.g., HCQ	1	3 1 4	2	2 7 5 4 18	focused on Ventilated ICU and Hospitalized LRI patients
Immuno-	IL-6 inhibitors				2 1 3	In the near term, there are a handful of randomized,
modulators	Other immunomodulators, e.g., Corticosteroids, TNF-inhibitors, etc.	1	1 2	1 2 3	8 1 9	adequately powered trials targeting mild or post- exposure prophylaxis patient
	Convalescent plasma		ø	1	2	cohorts
Antibody therapy	Hyperimmune globulin ⁵					There are currently no randomized, adequately powered trials for
	Neutralizing antibodies					hyperimmune globulin and neutralizing antibodies registered on clinicaltrials.gov
Other ⁶	All other therapeutics being tested		2 2 5	3	6 9 15	or WHO registries
Combina- tion regimen	E.g., HCQ + Lopinavir/Ritonavir + Tocilizumab		1 1 3	2	5 9 14	
Multiple options	Multiple options			1	2	

¹ Randomized, adequately powered is defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP). Enrollment per arm estimated from total enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment. 2 Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. May not be fully comprehensive. Excludes Traditional Chinese Medicine and vaccine trials. 3 Counts represented under each approach are trial arms that involve single agents relevant to the approach. Trial arms testing interventions as part of a regimen are included under "Combination regimen". Trial arms testing interventions (i.e., HCQ or CQ) are included under "Multiple options". 4 Includes trials with unknown primary end dates. 5 Includes non-human polyclonal antibody. 6 Included are (not exhaustive) ACE inhibitors, ARBs, NSAIDs, other anti-infectives, oncolytics, and supplements.

Primary endpoints¹ of randomized, adequately powered² clinical trial arms³ Mortality Markers of Clinical Status Setting of Care Viral Load/Clearance Infection Prevention Seroconversion Adverse events Other

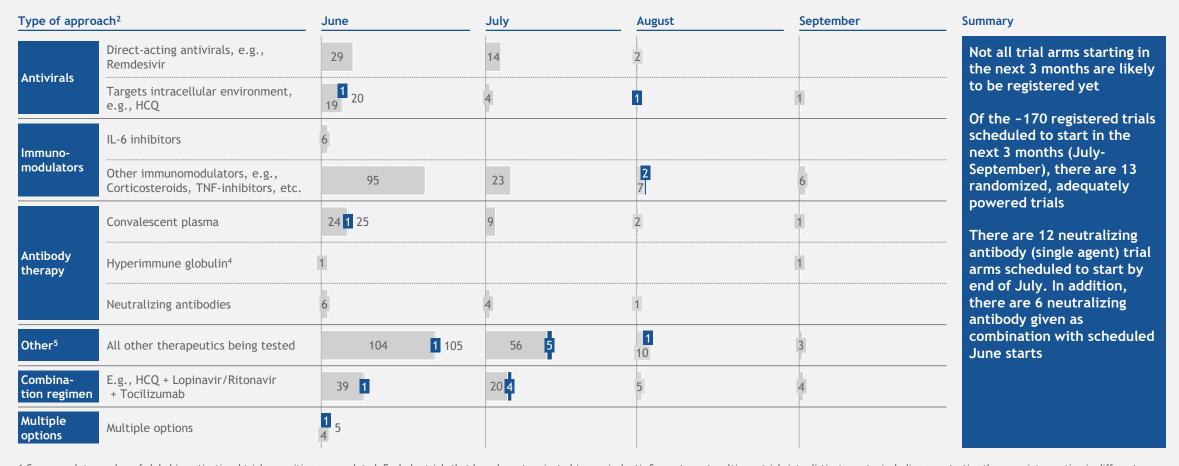
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Type of appro	oach ⁴	May-June	July-Sept	Oct-Dec	2021 and beyond ⁵	Summary
Antivirale	Direct-acting antivirals, e.g., Remdesivir	5	2	1	11 5 2 1 19	Overall, most randomized, adequately powered trials
Antivirals	Targets intracellular environment, e.g., HCQ	1	2 11 4	2	8 7 <mark>1</mark> 11 18	have mortality as the primary endpoint
Immuno-	IL-6 inhibitors				3	There are currently no randomized, adequately
modulators	Other immunomodulators, e.g., Corticosteroids, TNF-inhibitors, etc.	1	2	3	7 2 9	powered trials for Hyperimmune globulin and
	Convalescent plasma		1	1	2	neutralizing antibodies registered on clinicaltrials.gov or WHO
Antibody therapy	Hyperimmune globulin ⁶					registries
	Neutralizing antibodies					
Other ⁷	All other therapeutics being tested		2 1 2 5	2 1 3	11 2 2 15	
Combina- tion regimen	E.g., HCQ + Lopinavir/Ritonavir + Tocilizumab		3	2	13 1 14	
Multiple options	Multiple options			1	11 2	

¹ Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion; Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 2 Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP). Enrollment per arm estimated from total enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment. 3 Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. May not be fully comprehensive. Excludes Traditional Chinese Medicine and vaccine trials. 4 Counts represented under each approach are trial arms that involve single agents relevant to the approach. Trial arms testing interventions as part of a regimen are included under "Combination regimen". Trial arms testing interventions through multiple options (i.e., HCQ or CQ) are included under "Multiple options". 5 Includes trials with unknown primary end dates. 6 Includes non-human polyclonal antibody. 7 Included are (not exhaustive) ACE inhibitors, ARBs, NSAIDs, other anti-infectives, oncolytics, and supplements.

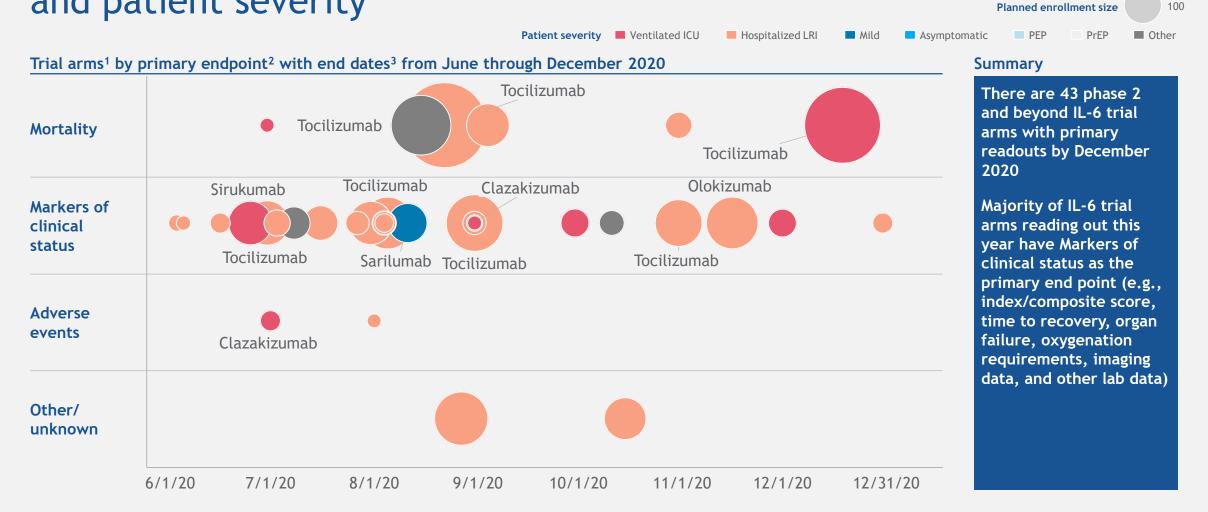
Clinical trial arms¹ expected to start in the next 3 months

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. The therapies below are planned trials published on public registries and are a subset of clinical trials that will start Randomized, adequately powered³ All other



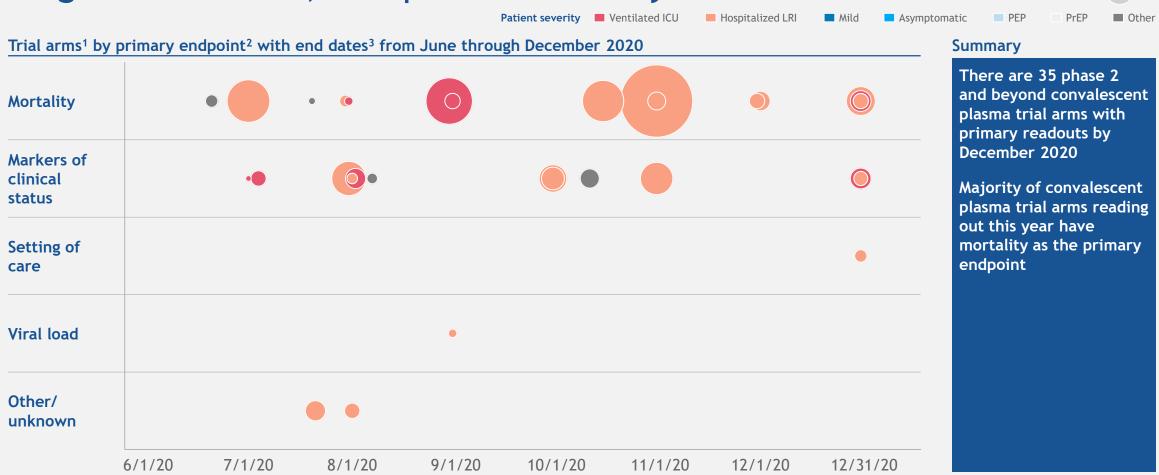
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IL-6: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity



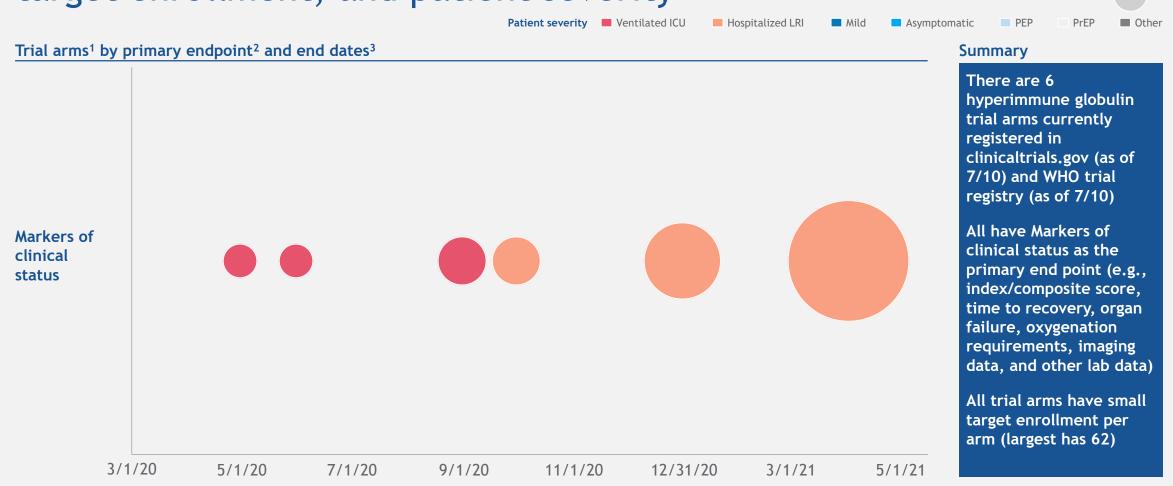
^{1.} Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled, excludes Ph1 and Ph1/2 trials. Excludes trials with unknown phase information. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions. 2 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion = COVID-19 seroconversion: Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 3 Primary readout for CT.gov trials. final completion dates for EU trials.

Convalescent plasma: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity



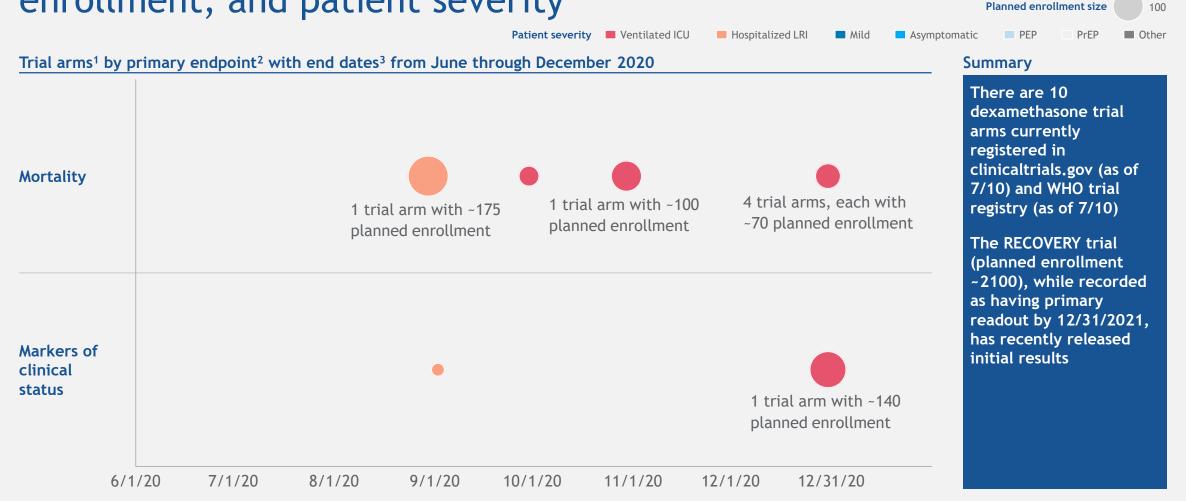
^{1.} Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled, excludes Ph1 and Ph1/2 trials. Excludes trials with unknown phase information. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions. 2 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion; Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 3 Primary readout for CT.gov trials, final completion dates for EU trials.

Hyperimmune globulin: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity Planned enrollment size



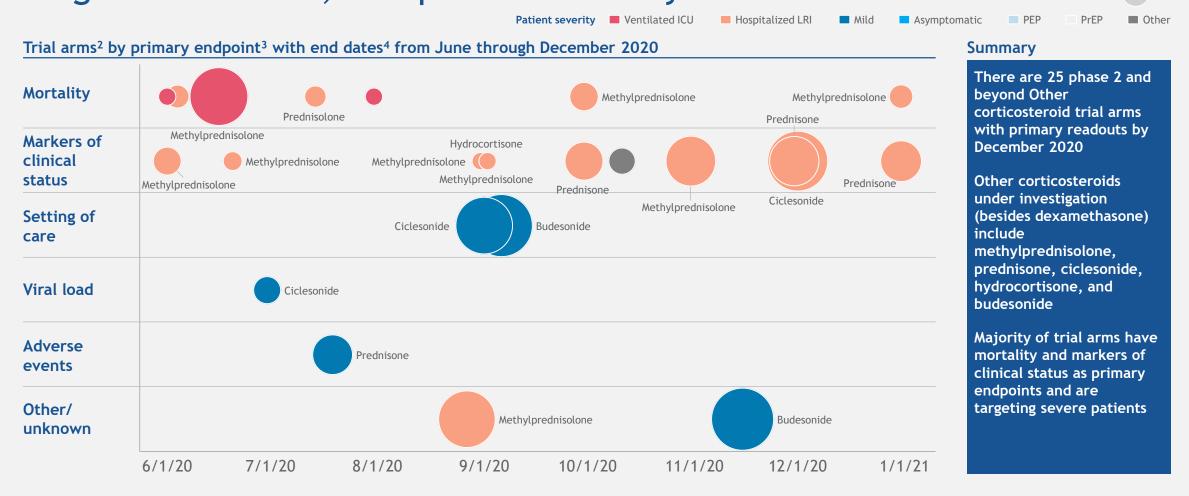
^{1.} Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions. 2 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion; Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 3 Primary readout for CT.gov trials, final completion dates for EU trials.

Dexamethasone: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity



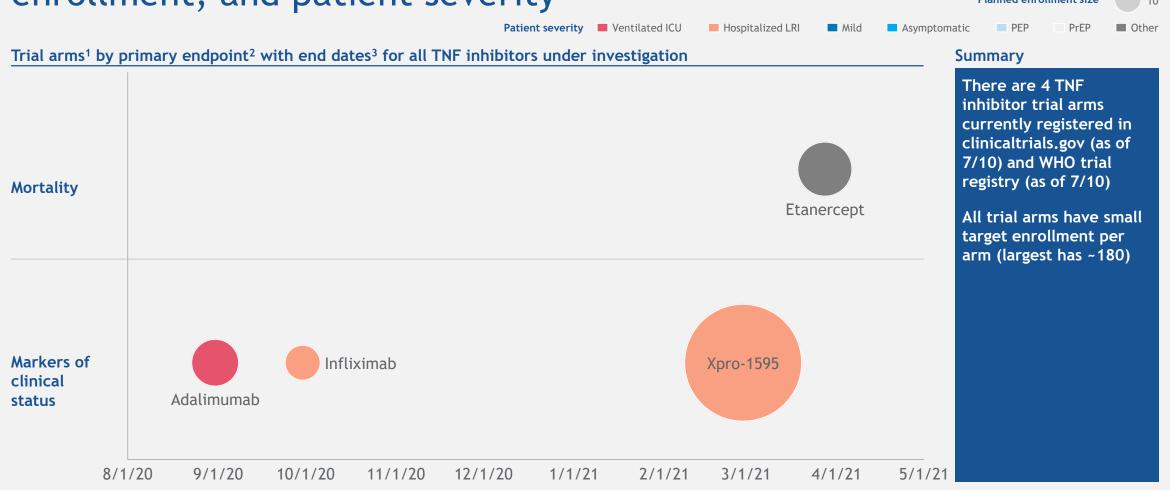
^{1.} Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions. 2 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion; Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 3 Primary readout for CT.gov trials, final completion dates for EU trials.

Other corticosteroids¹: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity



^{1.} Non-dexamethasone corticosteroids. 2. Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled, excludes Ph1 and Ph1/2 trials. Excludes trials with unknown phase information. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions. 3 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion = COVID-19 seroconversion: Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints. 4 Primary readout for CT.gov trials, final completion dates for EU trials.

TNF inhibitors: upcoming readouts by primary endpoints, target enrollment, and patient severity Planned enrollment size



^{1.} Excludes trials that are suspended, terminated, withdrawn or cancelled. Excludes trials for which intervention is given in combination with other interventions.

2 Primary endpoints use the following grouping classification: mortality = mortality; markers of clinical status = index / composite score, time to recovery, organ failure, oxygenation requirements, imaging data, and other lab data; setting of care = ICU utilization and hospitalization status; viral load = viral load or clearance; adverse events = adverse events (caused by intervention); infection prevention = rate of COVID-19 infection; seroconversion; Other = endpoints not mentioned above including those with unknown endpoints.

3 Primary readout for CT.gov trials, final completion dates for EU trials.

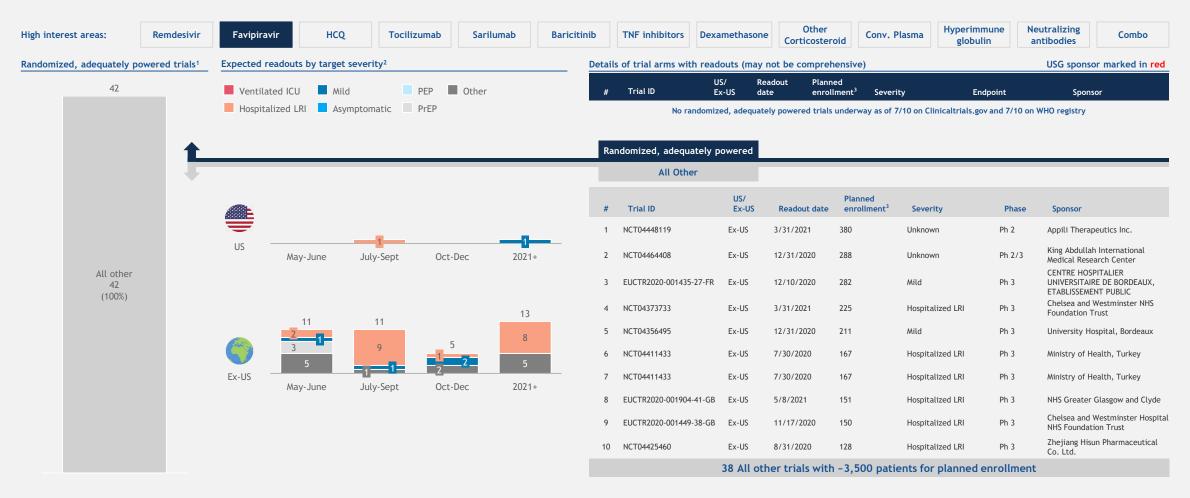
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for remdesivir single agent



¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (Prep). 2 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting

Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for favipiravir single agent

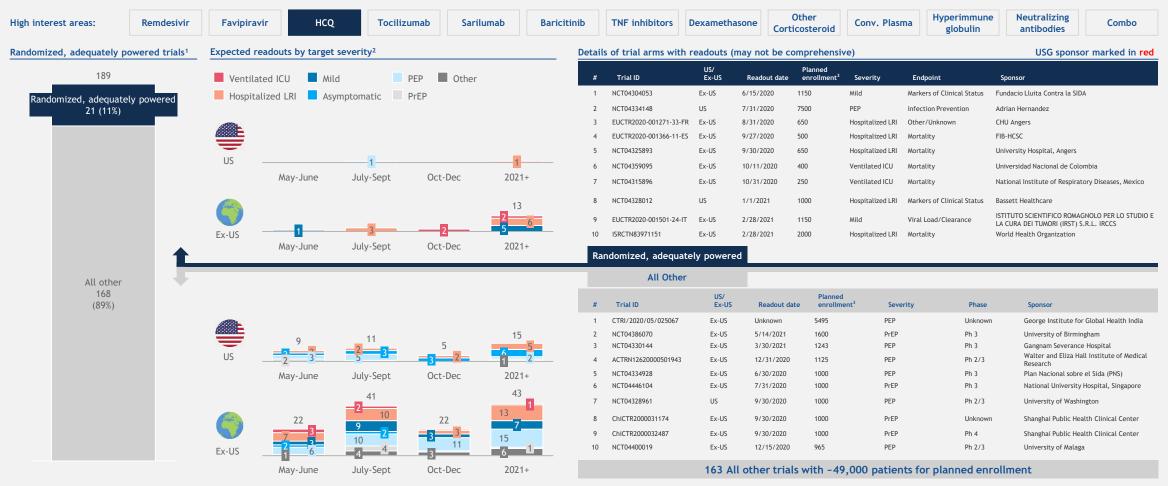


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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

Source: Clinicaltrials.gov accessed 7/10/2020 and WHO clinical trial registry accessed 7/10/2020

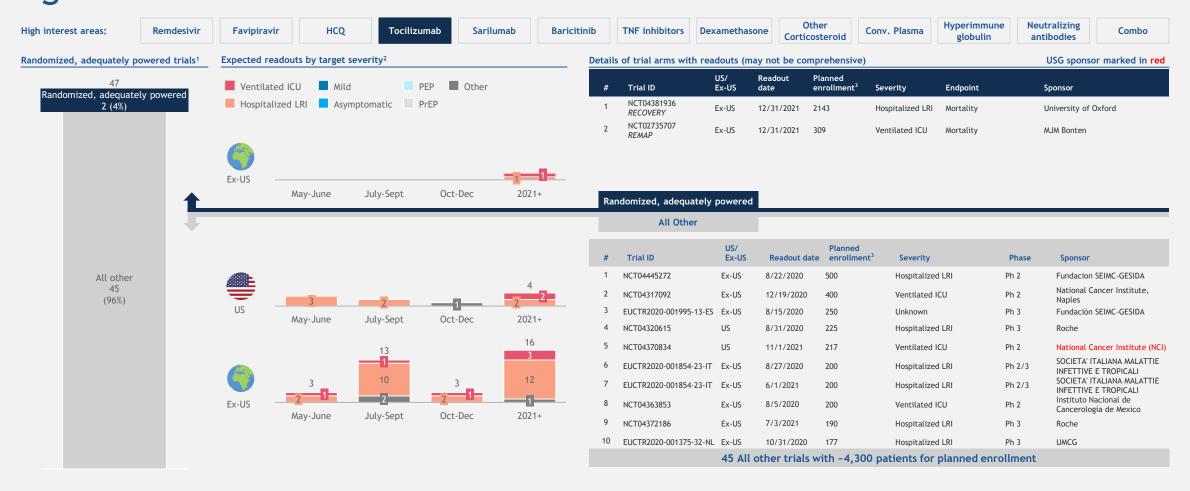
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for HCQ single agent



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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

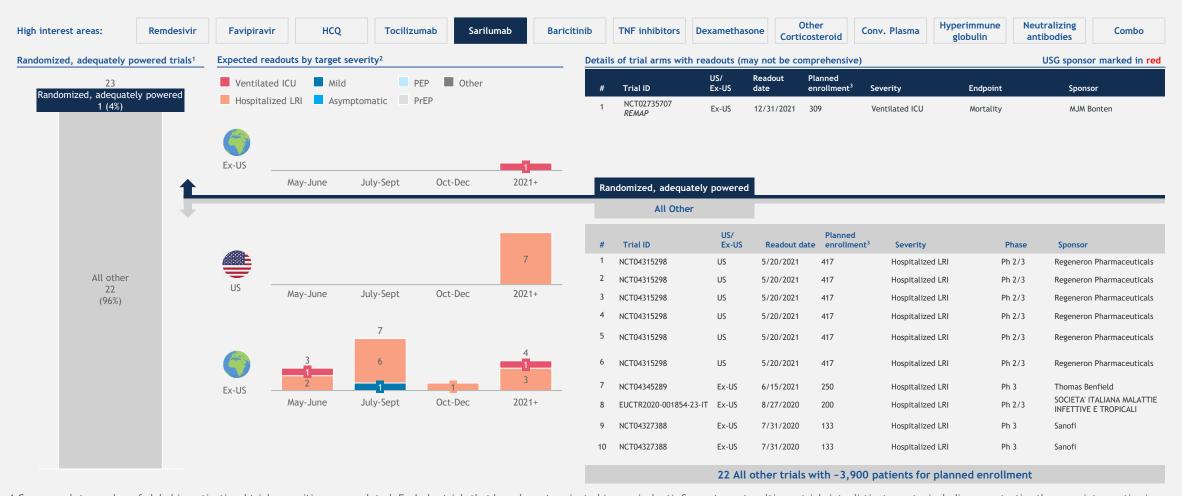
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for tocilizumab single agent



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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

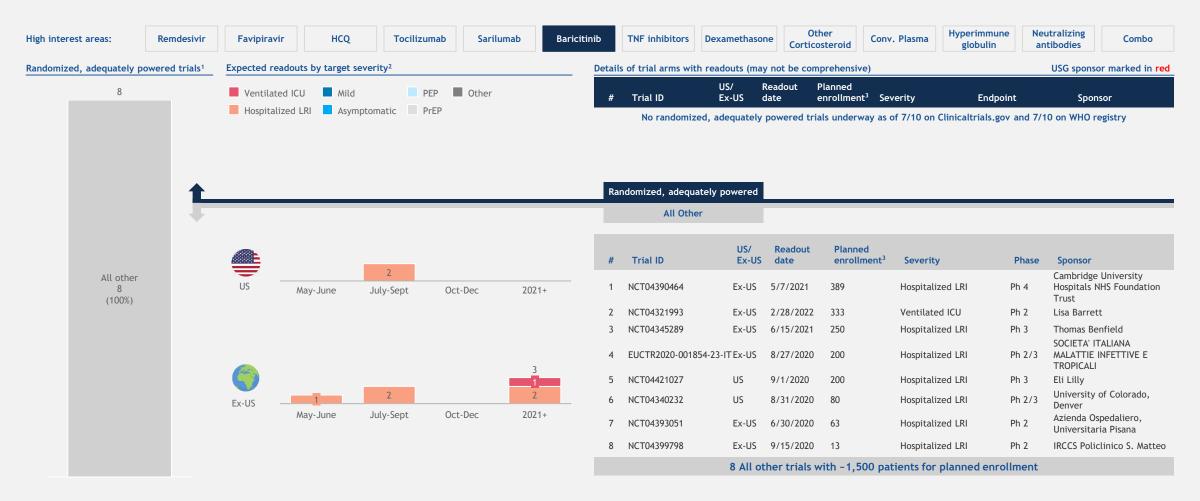
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for sarilumab single agent



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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

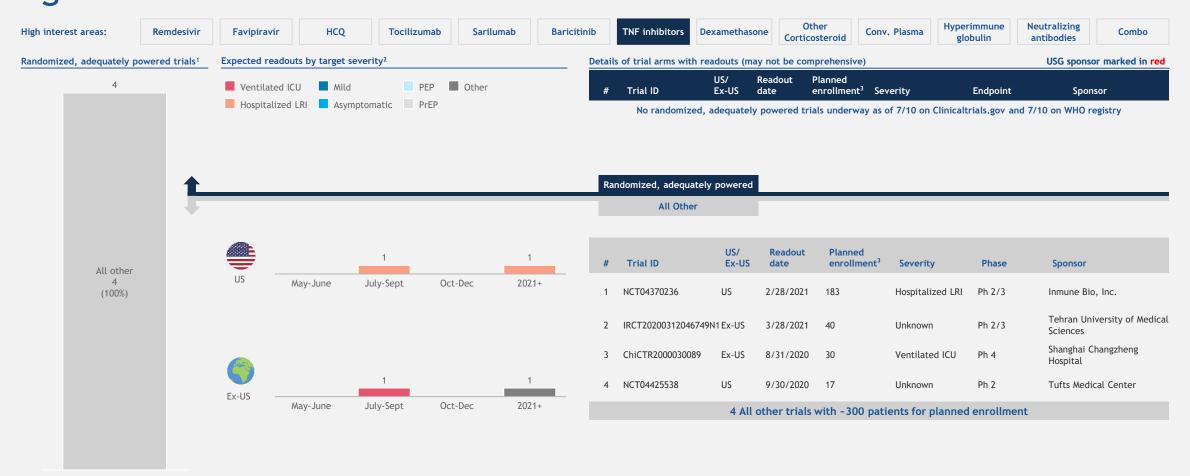
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for baricitinib single agent



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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for TNF inhibitors single agent

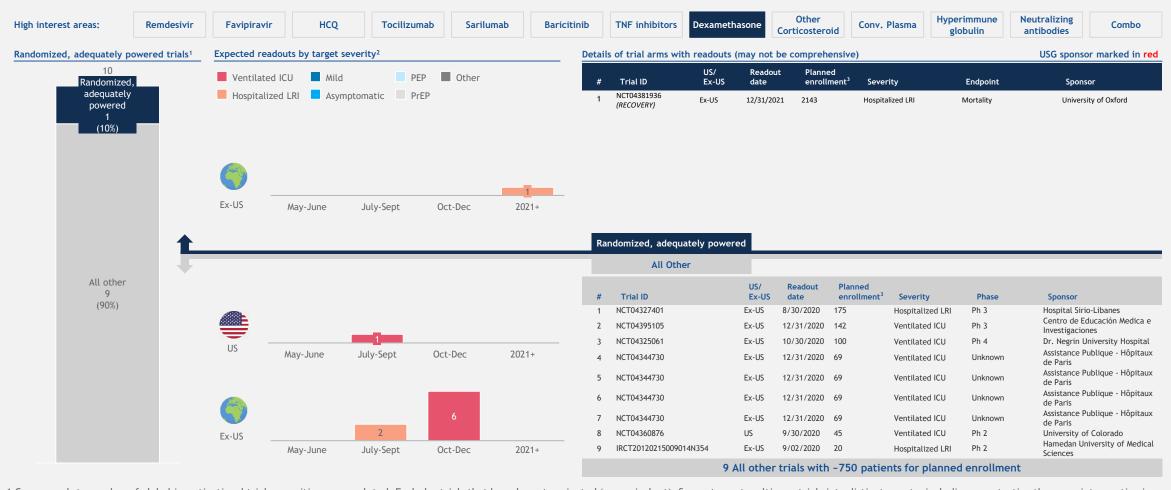


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Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment.

Source: Clinicaltrials.gov accessed 7/10/2020 and WHO clinical trial registry accessed 7/10/2020

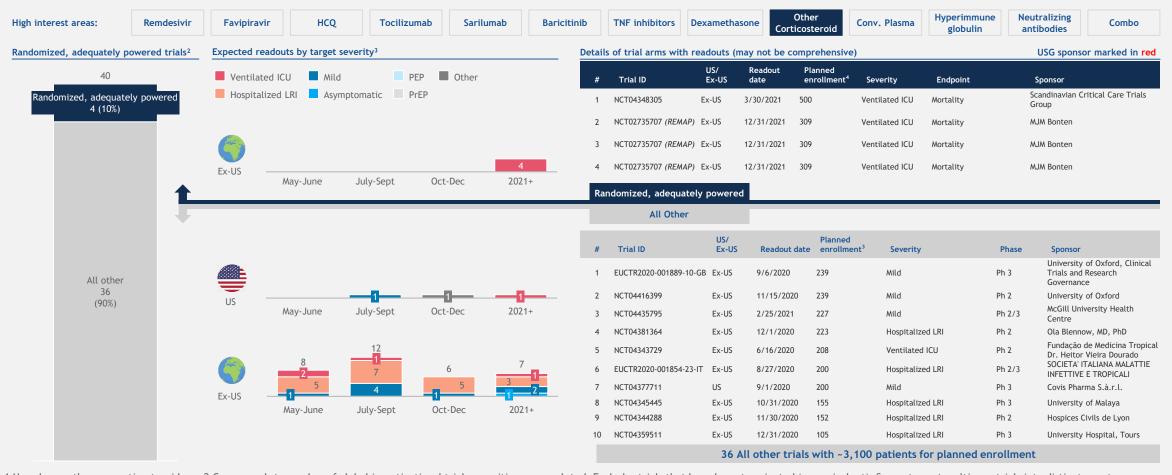
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for dexamethasone single agent



¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PFP). 2 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting

Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment per arm estimated from total enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

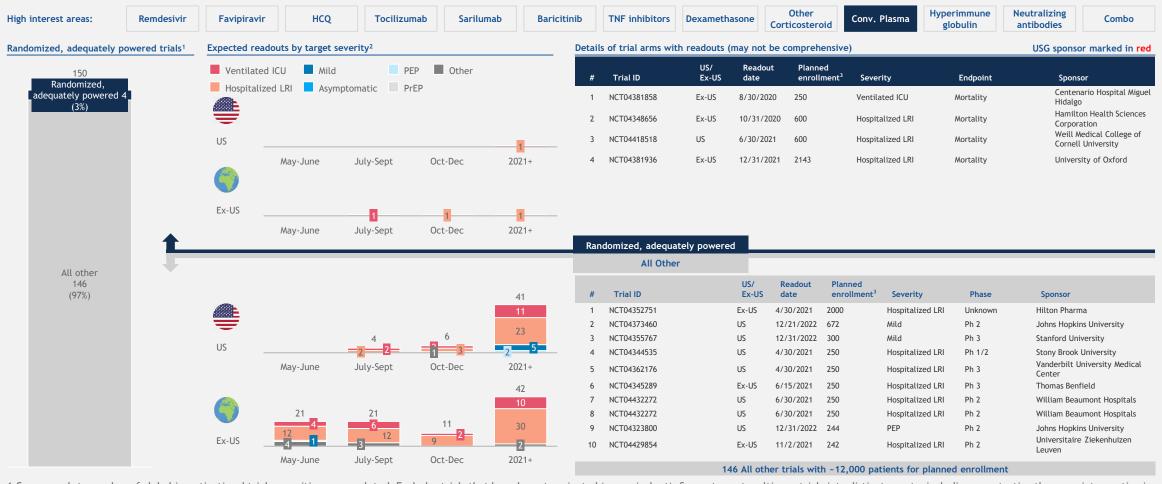
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for other corticosteroid¹ single agent



¹ Non-dexamethasone corticosteroids. 2 Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PEP). 3 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting Recovered patients. 4 Planned enrollment per arm estimated from total enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

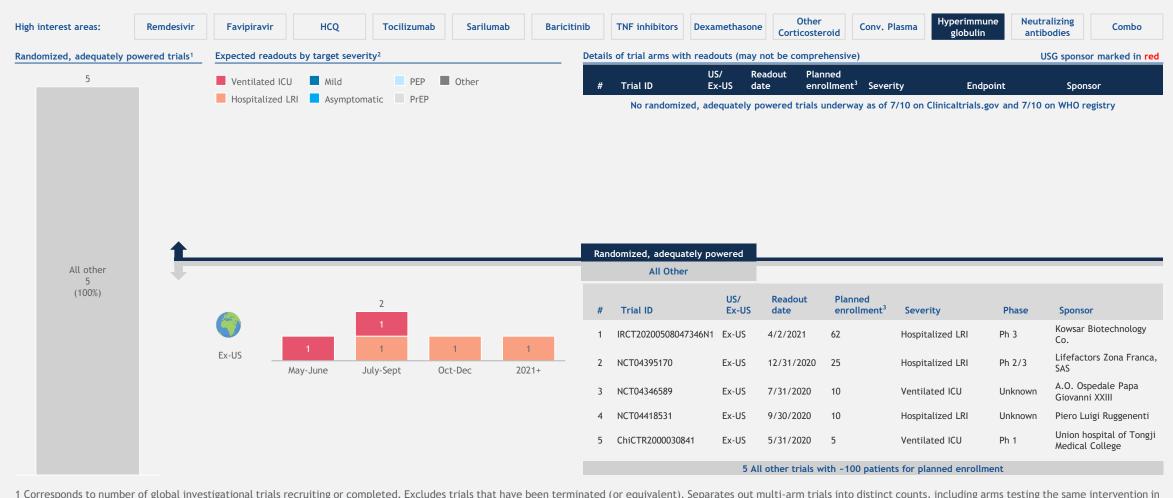
Source: Clinicaltrials.gov accessed 7/10/2020 and WHO clinical trial registry accessed 7/10/2020

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for convalescent plasma



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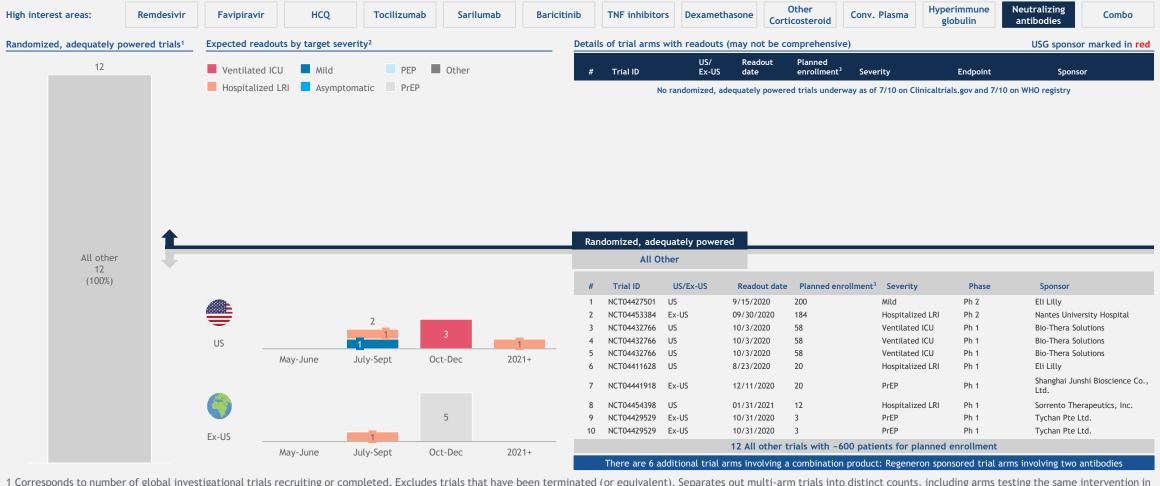
COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for hyperimmune globulin



different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP). 2 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

Source: Clinicaltrials.gov accessed 7/10/2020 and WHO clinical trial registry accessed 7/10/2020

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies



different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP). 2 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

COVID-19 pre-clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies¹ (1/5)

High interest areas:

Remdesivir

Favipiravir

HCQ

Tocilizumab

Sarilumab

Baricitinib

TNF inhibitors

CTLA-4

Corticosteroids

Conv. Plasma

Hyperimmune globulin

Neutralizing antibodies

Combo

Organization	Product description ³	Estimated start date ⁴	Additional notes ⁴
Celltrion	Antibody to SAR-CoV-2 Spike (S) protein that recognizes multiple epitopes	Jul-20	Product CT-P59
AstraZeneca; Vanderbilt University; Chinese Academy of Sciences	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)	Aug-20	Monoclonal antibody combination therapy; supported by BARDA, DoD
Distributed Bio; Centivax; SwiftScale Biologics	Monoclonal antibodies targeting the SARS-CoV-2 receptor binding domain, blocking ACE2 receptor interaction with the virus	Summer 2020	Discovery phase; several candidates have been identified
Brii Bio; Tsinghua University; Third People's Hospital of Shenzhen	Fully human neutralizing antibodies characterized from convalescent patients in China	Q3 2020	Products BRII-196 and BRII-198
Sorrento Therapeutics	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)	Q3 2020 ⁵	Products COVID-GUARD (STI-1499), COVI-SHIELD (cocktail), COVIDTRAP (STI-4398)
Vir Biotechnology; GlaxoSmithKline	VIR-7831 and VIR-7832, antibodies with an affinity for the SARS-CoV-2 spike protein	Q3 2020	Product VIR-7831; expected start date July-September 2020
Vir Biotechnology; GlaxoSmithKline	VIR-7831 and VIR-7832, antibodies with an affinity for the SARS-CoV-2 spike protein	Q3 2020	Product VIR-7832; expected start date July-September 2020
Boehringer Ingelheim; Yumab	Fully human monoclonal antibodies that bind to a SARS-CoV-2 surface protein	Fall 2020	May overlap with Yumab (CORAT Therapeutics) effort
Virna Therapeutics; University of Toronto	SARS-CoV-2 neutralizing antibodies against the Spike (S) protein	Fall 2020	
Bharat Biotech; Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (India)	Cocktail of SARS-CoV-2 virus-neutralizing antibodies	Dec-20	Discovery phase; no evidence of a specific candidate
Yumab (CORAT Therapeutics)	Undisclosed	Dec-20	May overlap with Boehringer Ingelheim collaboration

¹ May not be comprehensive. 2 Based on public sources; excludes products which are included in the clinical development snapshot as registered clinical trials. 3 Language included in Pinksheet or Biocentury, may include other ongoing work (e.g., discovery services). 4 Based on press search. 5 STI-1499 (COVID-GUARD) monotherapy trial ongoing; estimated launch date of Q3 2020 for COVID-SHIELD antibody cocktail

COVID-19 pre-clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies¹ (2/5)

Hyperimmune Cortico-Neutralizing CTLA-4 Remdesivir **Favipiravir** HCQ **Tocilizumab** Sarilumab Baricitinib TNF inhibitors Conv. Plasma Combo High interest areas: steroids globulin antibodies

Organization	Product description ³	Estimated start date ⁴	Additional notes ⁴
Memo Therapeutics	Undisclosed	Q4 2020 ⁵	Identified antibodies; no evidence of specific product
Neurimmune; Ethris	Inhaled mRNA-encoded antibodies to neutralize SARS-CoV-2	Q4 2020 Product NI007; discovery phase	
Beroni Group; Tianjin University	Undisclosed	H2 2020 Identified 24 types of nanobodies to support the development 19 treatment	
Kleo Pharmaceuticals; Green Cross LabCell (GCLC)	Kleo's antibody recruiting molecule (ARM) synthetic bispecific platform combined with GCLC's allogeneic natural killer (NK) cell therapy	H2 2020 Antibody recruiting molecule and NK cell combination thera	
Atreca, IGM Biosciences, Beigene	Undisclosed	H1 2021	Discovery phase focused on IgM and IgA antibodies; no specific candidate identified
Kleo Pharmaceuticals	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)	H1 2021	Hyperimmunoglobulin mimic
Abbvie; Harbour BioMed	47D11, a fully human monoclonal antibody that binds to a domain conserved in both SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2		Product 47D11
Abcore	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Discovered a panel of therapeutic candidates
Ablexis; AlivaMab; Berkeley Lights	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Discovered a panel of therapeutic candidates
Amgen; Adaptive Biotechnologies	Neutralizing antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 derived from study of convalescent patients using Amgen subsidiary deCode's genetic analysis and Adaptive's screening for diversity of B-cell receptors		Discovery phase; no evidence of a specific candidate
AstraZeneca	Undisclosed		Work may overlap with listed partnerships

¹ May not be comprehensive. 2 Based on public sources; excludes products which are included in the clinical development snapshot as registered clinical trials. 3 Language included in Pinksheet or Biocentury, may include other ongoing work (e.g., discovery services). 4 Based on press search. 5 PoC study anticipated in Q4.

COVID-19 pre-clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies¹ (3/5)

Hyperimmune Cortico-Neutralizing CTLA-4 **Favipiravir** HCQ **Tocilizumab** Sarilumab Baricitinib TNF inhibitors Conv. Plasma Combo Remdesivir High interest areas: steroids globulin antibodies

Organization	Product description ³	Estimated start date ⁴	Additional notes ⁴
AstraZeneca; University of Maryland; USAMRIID	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Partners conducting preclinical safety and efficacy assessments of candidates; work may overlap with Vanderbilt collaboration
Bio-Thera Solutions	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Product BAT2019
Celltrion	Cocktail of antibodies to SARS-CoV-2		May overlap with product CT-P59 effort
Chugai; Agency for Science; Technology and Research (A*STAR; Singapore)	Therapeutic antibody isolated from a high diversity synthetic human antibody library at A*STAR's Singapore Immunology Network, optimized using Chugai's antibody engineering technologies		Discovery phase; potential therapeutic antibody identified
Creative Biolabs	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Services; not a specific candidate
Doherty Institute	Undisclosed		No evidence of specific candidate
Eli Lilly; AbCellera	Cocktail of coronavirus antibody therapies modelled on antibodies from convalescent COVID-19 patients, using AbCellera's rapid pandemic response platform		Cocktail could include product Ly-CoV555 and product JS016
Eutilex	COVID-19 therapeutic antibody ⁵		
FairJourney; Iontas	Undisclosed		Antibody discovery services; not a specific candidate
Flanders Institute for Biotechnology (VIB); Ghent University	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S); MERS-CoV S protein; Fc gamma receptor (FCGR)		Work may overlap with University of Texas at Austin efforts
Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Discovery phase; no candidate identified
ImmuneCyte	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Discovery phase; four candidates have been identified

¹ May not be comprehensive. 2 Based on public sources; excludes products which are included in the clinical development snapshot as registered clinical trials. 3 Language included in Pinksheet or Biocentury, may include other ongoing work (e.g., discovery services). 4 Based on press search. 5 Listed as neutralizing antibody in Pinksheet but immunostimulant in Biocentury.

COVID-19 pre-clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies¹ (4/5)

Hyperimmune Cortico-Neutralizing CTLA-4 **Favipiravir** HCQ **Tocilizumab** Sarilumab Baricitinib TNF inhibitors Conv. Plasma Combo High interest areas: Remdesivir steroids globulin antibodies

Organization	Product description ³	Estimated start date ⁴	Additional notes ⁴
ImmunoPrecise Antibodies; EVQLV	COVID-19 therapeutic antibodies		Numerous lead candidates identified
Israel Institute for Biological Research (IIBR); Dyadic International	Undisclosed		Discovery phase; no evidence of a specific candidate
Kleo Pharmaceuticals; Celularity	Kleo's antibody recruiting molecule (ARM) synthetic bispecific platform combined with Celularity's human placenta-derived allogeneic natural killer (NK) cells		Antibody recruiting molecule and NK cell combination therapy
Mabpharm; Sorrento Therapeutics	ACE-MAB, also known as STI-4920 and CMAB020, a bi-specific fusion protein that binds to the spike protein		ACE-MAB fusion protein. Sorrento product STI-4920 / Mabpharm product CMAB020
Mateon Therapeutics	COVID-19 antibody therapy		Antisense against TGF-beta protein. Product OT-101
Mitsubishi Tanabe (Medicago); Laval University	SARS-CoV-2 antibodies		Discovery phase; no candidate identified
Nascent Biotech	Pritumumab, a fully natural human IgG antibody that targets ectodomain vimentin		Product Pritumumab
National Institutes of Health	Undisclosed		Work may overlap with University of Texas at Austin effort
Ology Bioservices; Vanderbilt University Medical Center; Evotec Biologics	Human monoclonal antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 for the Department of Defense Pandemic Preparation Program		In collaboration with DoD
Ossianix	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Screening VNAR antibodies
Shanghai Henlius Biotech; Sanyou Biopharmaceuticals; Shanghai ZJ Bio-Tech	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		
SK Bioscience	COVID-19 therapeutic antibody		

¹ May not be comprehensive. 2 Based on public sources; excludes products which are included in the clinical development snapshot as registered clinical trials. 3 Language included in Pinksheet or Biocentury, may include other ongoing work (e.g., discovery services). 4 Based on press search.

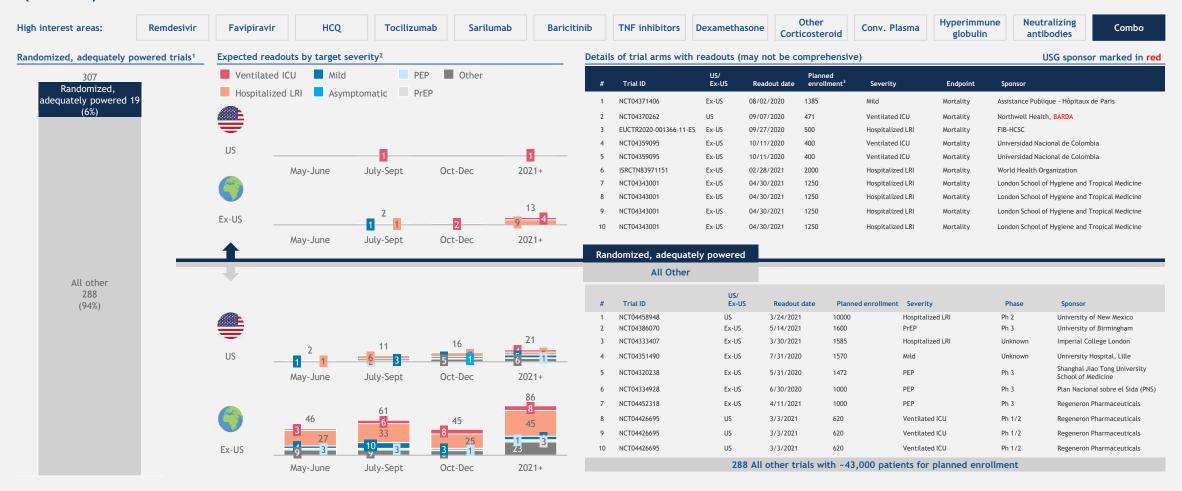
COVID-19 pre-clinical development snapshot for neutralizing antibodies¹ (5/5)

Hyperimmune Cortico-Neutralizing CTLA-4 Remdesivir **Favipiravir** HCQ **Tocilizumab** Sarilumab Baricitinib TNF inhibitors Conv. Plasma Combo High interest areas: steroids globulin antibodies

Organization	Product description ³	Estimated start date ⁴	Additional notes ⁴
Specifica	Neutralizing antibodies against SARS-CoV-2 spike protein using Generation 3 library platform		
Symvivo Corporation	Undisclosed		
Twist Bioscience	Monoclonal antibodies that bind to the receptor binding domain (RBD) on the S1 spike protein of SARS-CoV-2	1	Possibly in partnership with Serimmune
Twist Bioscience	Monoclonal antibodies that bind to the extracellular domain (ECD) of ACE2 in human cells		Possibly in partnership with Serimmune
University of Texas at Austin; NIH; Ghent University	SARS-CoV-2 spike protein (SARS-CoV-2 S)		Camelid antibody
Vir Biotechnology	Monoclonal antibodies targeting SARS-CoV-2 surface glycoproteins		Work may overlap with listed partnerships
Vir Biotechnology; Generation Bio	Vir's neutralizing antibodies combined with Generation's non-viral gene therapy platform based on closed-ended DNA (ceDNA) and a cell-targeted nanoparticle delivery system (ctLNP))	Technology and manufacturing partnership; may not represent a unique product
Vir Biotechnology; WuXi Biologics and Biogen	Fc engineered monoclonal antibody that binds to a SARS-CoV-2 epitope that is shared with SARS-CoV-1		Manufacturing partnerships; may not represent a unique product
Vir Biotechnology; WuXi Biologics and Biogen	Fc engineered monoclonal antibody that binds to a SARS-CoV-2 epitope, with a "vaccinal" mutation to increase short-term potency and generate CD8+ T cells		Manufacturing partnerships; may not represent a unique product
Vir Biotechnology; Xencor	Undisclosed		Not a product; technology license agreement
Virna Therapeutics; University of Toronto	SARS-CoV-2 neutralizing antibodies against additional epitopes on the Spike (S) protein		May overlap with other Virna Therapeutics work
XBiotech; BioBridge	Antibodies isolated from blood donors with a vigourous antibody response against SARS-CoV-2 in the absence of serious COVID-19 illness, using XBiotech's True Human antibody process		

¹ May not be comprehensive. 2 Based on public sources; excludes products which are included in the clinical development snapshot as registered clinical trials. 3 Language included in Pinksheet or Biocentury, may include other ongoing work (e.g., discovery services). 4 Based on press search.

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for combination agents (1/2)



¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. Only includes intervention given as a single agent. May not be fully comprehensive. Randomized, adequately powered trials are defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PEP). 2 Readout dates defined as primary end dates. May not be reflective of the true readout date. Trials with unknown primary end dates are shown in the '2021+' category. Other severity category includes trials with Unknown severity information or trials targeting

Recovered patients. 3 Planned enrollment defined as enrollment by assuming even distribution of patients across all arms. It is not reflective of actual enrollment.

COVID-19 clinical development snapshot for combination agents

High interest areas:

9 NCT04343001

10 NCT04343001

Remdesivir

Favipiravir

HCQ

Tocilizumab

Sarilumab

Ex-US

Ex-US

Baricitinib

TNF inhibitors

1250

1250

Dexamethasone

Corticosteroid

Other

Hospitalized LRI

Hospitalized LRI

Conv. Plasma

Mortality

Mortality

Hyperimmune globulin

Neutralizing antibodies

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

Combo

USG sponsor marked in red

Details of trial arms with readouts (may not be comprehensive)

# Trial ID	Intervention	US/Ex-US	Readout date	Planned enrollment	Severity	Endpoint	Sponsor
1 NCT04371406	Azithromycin ++ Hydroxychloroquine [e]	Ex-US	08/02/2020	1385	Mild	Mortality	Assistance Publique - Hôpitaux de Paris
2 NCT04370262	Famotidine ++ Remdesivir [e]	US	09/07/2020	471	Ventilated ICU	Mortality	Northwell Health, BARDA
3 EUCTR2020-001366-11-ES	F IFN-b ++ Lopinavir/Ritonavir [e]	Ex-US	09/27/2020	500	Hospitalized LRI	Mortality	FIB-HCSC
4 NCT04359095	Hydroxychloroquine ++ Lopinavir/ritonavir [e]	Ex-US	10/11/2020	400	Ventilated ICU	Mortality	Universidad Nacional de Colombia
5 NCT04359095	Azithromycin ++ Hydroxychloroquine [e]	Ex-US	10/11/2020	400	Ventilated ICU	Mortality	Universidad Nacional de Colombia
6 ISRCTN83971151	IFN-b ++ Lopinavir/ritonavir [e]	Ex-US	02/28/2021	2000	Hospitalized LRI	Mortality	World Health Organization
7 NCT04343001	Aspirin ++ losartan [e]	Ex-US	04/30/2021	1250	Hospitalized LRI	Mortality	London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine
8 NCT04343001	Aspirin ++ Simvastatin [e]	Ex-US	04/30/2021	1250	Hospitalized LRI	Mortality	London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

04/30/2021

04/30/2021

# Trial ID	Intervention	US/Ex-US	Readout date	Planned enrollment	Severity	Phase	Sponsor
1 NCT04458948	Azithromycin ++ Hydroxychloroquine [e]	US	3/24/2021	10000	Hospitalized LRI	Ph 2	University of New Mexico
2 NCT04386070	Hydroxychloroquine ++ Lopinavir/Ritonavir [e]	Ex-US	5/14/2021	1600	PrEP	Ph 3	University of Birmingham
3 NCT04333407	Aspirin ++ Atorvastatin ++ Clopidogrel ++ Omeprazole ++ Rivaroxaban [e]	Ex-US	3/30/2021	1585	Hospitalized LRI	Unknown	Imperial College London
4 NCT04351490	Vitamin D ++ Zinc [e]	Ex-US	7/31/2020	1570	Mild	Unknown	University Hospital, Lille
5 NCT04320238	IFN-a1B ++ Thymosin Alpha 1 [e]	Ex-US	5/31/2020	1472	PEP	Ph 3	Shanghai Jiao Tong University School of Medicine
6 NCT04334928	Emtricitabine/tenofovir ++ Hydroxychloroquine [e]	Ex-US	6/30/2020	1000	PEP	Ph 3	Plan Nacional sobre el Sida (PNS)
7 NCT04452318	REGN10933 + REGN10987 [e]	Ex-US	4/11/2021	1000	PEP	Ph 3	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals
8 NCT04426695	REGN10933 + REGN10987 [e]	US	3/3/2021	620	Ventilated ICU	Ph 1/2	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals
9 NCT04426695	REGN10933 + REGN10987 [e]	US	3/3/2021	620	Ventilated ICU	Ph 1/2	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals
10 NCT04426695	REGN10933 + REGN10987 [e]	US	3/3/2021	620	Ventilated ICU	Ph 1/2	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals

Losartan ++ Simvastatin [e]

Aspirin ++ losartan ++ Simvastatin [e]

Appendix

Number of clinical trial arms underway by treatment approach: Detail on combination regimen

There are no FDA-approved therapies for COVID-19. The therapies below are in development and are being tested in clinical trials.

Number of global trial arms1

		Number of global trial arms		
Combination regimen type ²	Examples	Randomized, adequately powered trials ³	All other	Summary
Antivirals	Lopinavir/Ritonavir + Hydroxychloroquine	6	141	List of randomized, adequately powered
Immunomodulators	Masitinib + Isoquercetin	0	34	antiviral combination drugs include:
Antibody therapy	Convalescent plasma + Methylene Blue	0	8	Lopinavir/Ritonavir + HCQHCQ + Azithromycin
Antivirals + immunomodulators	Lopinavir/Ritonavir + Interferon	5	57	HCQ + Remdesivir
Antivirals + antibody therapy	Hydroxychloroquine + Convalescent plasma + Azithromycin	0	1	
Other ⁴	Losartan + Simvastatin	8	34	

¹ Corresponds to number of global investigational trials recruiting or completed. Excludes trials that have been terminated (or equivalent). Separates out multi-arm trials into distinct counts, including arms testing the same intervention in different doses or durations. May not be fully comprehensive. Excludes Traditional Chinese Medicine and vaccine trials. 2 Combination categories may contain treatment from 'Other' category (e.g., trials under Antivirals may include Antivirals + Other regimen). 3 Randomized, adequately powered is defined as randomized controlled trials in Phase 2 or beyond with expected enrollment of 250+ per arm for ventilated ICU, 500+ for hospitalized LRI, 1,000+ for early mild or asymptomatic, and 5,000+ for post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) or pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP). 4 Included are (not exhaustive) ACE inhibitors, ARBs, NSAIDs, other anti-infectives, other anti-hypertensives, oncolytics, and supplements; excludes traditional Chinese medicine trials.